
Processing Guidelines

Printing guidelines

Allow material to adapt to room conditions for 24 hours before printing. Side to be printed is the outer side of the roll.

Make sure that the media comes not into contact with grease, oil, silicon, and dirt to avoid printing defects. It is recommended to handle the media with cotton gloves.

Insert the paper with care in the printer. Incorrect loading can cause skewing or creasing. It is recommended to calibrate the printer before printing and to make a test print.

Print results will vary for different printer ink combinations. Ink restrictions and printer settings should be set for specific printer-ink combinations to obtain the best results.

Canon media profiles include optimal ink and printer settings for Canon supported printers. Depending on fluctuations in environment, printer, ink, media and applications, printer parameters may have to be adjusted slightly, to obtain the best results.

Too much ink will cause paper cockle and possible head strikes. The use of dye inks can lead to premature fading of colors.

Recommended media settings on Canon printers:

Operation Panel: Plain Paper

Printer Driver: Canon Plain Paper

Application guidelines

Hot or cold laminating is possible, although cold laminates are preferred because of the better adhesion. Images must be dry before laminating. Too much ink can cause cockling which can cause problems with laminating. For mounting on a board, an encapsulating edge of 5-6mm around the image is recommended. This prevents against moisture and paper splitting because of the tension of the laminate. If the laminate is not spread evenly over the surface of the paper then this can cause curling problems.

Standard disclaimer:

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